

5 Oct 10 (1)

Example 11 of Day-Street "Monoidal bicategories..."

We will take the antipode axiom at the bottom of page 142 in the form of a \mathcal{V} -functor $S: \mathcal{H} \rightarrow \mathcal{H}^{\text{op}}$ together with a \mathcal{V} -natural isomorphism

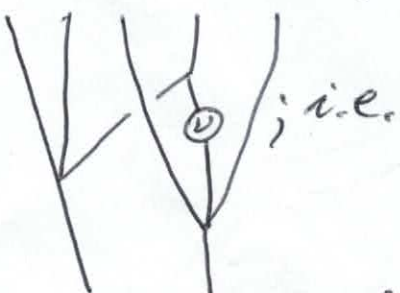
$$(*) \quad \mathcal{H}(B, C) \otimes \mathcal{H}(A, SB) \cong \mathcal{H}(B, C) \otimes \mathcal{H}(A, C).$$

Proposition Each Hopf monoid H in a braided monoidal category \mathcal{V} gives a one-object example of a Hopf \mathcal{V} -algebroid.

Proof Here \mathcal{H} has one object A and $\mathcal{H}(A, A) = H$ so that $(*)$ becomes an isomorphism

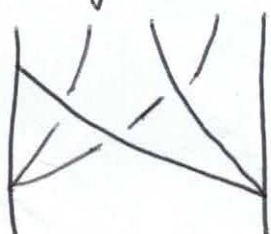
$$H \otimes H \cong H \otimes H$$

for which we take the fusion map N . To see that it gives a $(*)$ which is \mathcal{V} -natural, we must see what functoriality of $(*)$ in A, B, C means on the two sides. Both sides become left H -, right $H \otimes H$ -modules. The left $H \otimes H$ has action given by



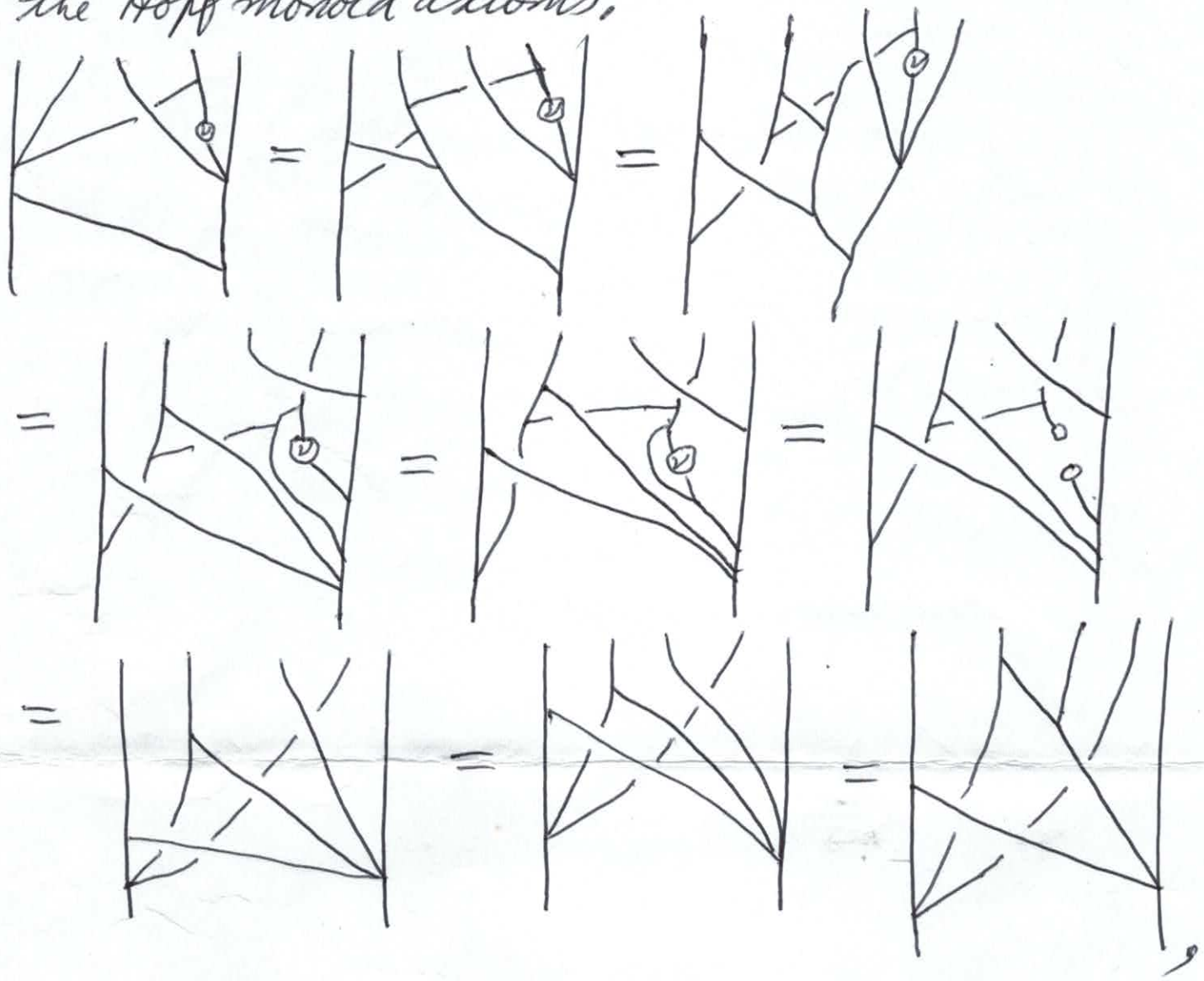
$$\begin{array}{ccc} H^{\otimes 5} \otimes H^{\otimes 3} \otimes H & \xrightarrow{\delta \otimes H} & H^{\otimes 6} \otimes H^{\otimes 2} \otimes H \\ H^{\otimes 2} \otimes_{\mathcal{H}, \mathcal{H}} H^{\otimes 2} & \xrightarrow{\quad} & H^{\otimes 6} \xrightarrow{\mu_3 \otimes \mu_3} H^{\otimes 2} \end{array}$$

The right $H \otimes H$ has action given by



$$\begin{array}{ccc} H^{\otimes 5} \otimes H^{\otimes 4} & \xrightarrow{\delta \otimes H} & H^{\otimes 6} \otimes_{\mathcal{H}, \mathcal{H}} \otimes_{\mathcal{H}, \mathcal{H}} \otimes H \\ H^{\otimes 2} \otimes_{\mathcal{H}} H^{\otimes 2} & \xrightarrow{\quad} & H^{\otimes 6} \xrightarrow{\mu_3 \otimes \mu_3} H^{\otimes 2} \end{array}$$

The proof is completed by a string calculation using the Hopf monoid axioms:



as required. \square